

# CERF grants have on average each year helped UN agencies and their humanitarian partners deliver:



Critical
health care to
16.1 million
people



Water and sanitation to 9.7 million people



Food
assistance to
7.1 million
people



Protection to 4.3 million people



Livelihoods support to 3 million people



Nutrition support to 2.7 million people

.. as well as support services for refugees and migrants, nutrition programmes, mine action, emergency education and camp management, for millions of people in need.

#### The Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)

was established in 2005 as the UN's global emergency response fund to pool voluntary contributions from donors around the world into a single fund, allowing humanitarian responders to deliver life-saving assistance whenever and wherever crises hit.



For more than a decade, the Central Emergency Response Fund has saved countless lives. It is there when diseases, natural disasters, conflict or the risk of famine hit. It helps kick-start a global life-saving response impartially, efficiently and immediately. We can all be proud of its success.

-United Nations Secretary-General, António Guterres

# **CERF** is...



#### Global

CERF provides humanitarian support across the globe, expanding the reach of its donors to all crises, whether new, worsening or forgotten.



#### **Fast**

CERF makes funding available when it is needed most at the beginning of a crisis and allocates funding within hours of a crisis when time lost means lives lost.



#### **Catalytic**

CERF enables humanitarian partners to quickly scale-up response and leverage additional donor support through demonstrated and timely humanitarian action.



#### **Needs-based**

CERF allocations are strictly life-saving and based on the needs identified and prioritized by humanitarian partners at the front lines of the emergency responses. This ensures early responses to the most time-critical humanitarian priorities.



#### **Promoting** coordination and coherence

CERF funding is jointly allocated to multiple organizations based on humanitarian partners' agreed priorities. This promotes coordination among humanitarian actors, eliminates duplication and overlaps, prevents fragmented responses and supports the achievement of collective outcomes.



## **Fostering** partnerships

CERF interventions support the involvement of implementing partners. Each year, approximately 25% of CERF funds are implemented by more than 500 NGOs and local responders who have partnered with UN agencies.



## Neutral, impartial and independent

CERF is fully unearmarked, principled a n d independent to ensure funding goes to meet the most urgent, life-saving needs wherever crises hit.



## **Predictable**

CERF is a trusted and dependable source of predictable funding for the most urgent and critical humanitarian action.



## **Cost-Effective**

CERF offers value-formoney, allowing donors to efficiently assist people in need wherever crises strike, making limited resources go as far as it can to save lives and reduce the suffering of millions of women, girls, boys and men caught up in crises around the world.



#### **Embodying the Grand Bargain**

CERF plays a key role in delivering the Grand Bargain: CERF funding is flexible, efficient, unearmarked, principled and transparent, supports cash programming, empowers humanitarian leadership and promotes a coordinated, inclusive and strategic humanitarian response.

# WHAT IS CERF'S ADDED VALUE?

CERF's value is not measured by how much money it raises, but by the number of lives it saves.

To assess its added value on the ground, the CERF secretariat systematically gathers and analysis evidence through independent expert studies and partner feedback. In addition to information on people assisted and humanitarian results achieved with CERF funds, Resident Coordinators / Humanitarian Coordinators (RC/HCs) and UN agencies are asked to assess CERF's contribution to the below four objectives in their reports on the use of CERF funds.

Since 2013, RC/HCs have assessed each allocation against CERF's key objectives as follows:

#### RESIDENT COORDINATOR/

#### **HUMANITARIAN COORDINATOR'S FEEDBACK**



#### **Fast**

Fast delivery of assistance to people in need

Did CERF funds lead to fast delivery of assistance to beneficiaries?

help respond to

time-critical

coordination

humanitarian community?

Did CERF help

improve

resource

mobilization

from other

sources?

among the

needs?

#### 16% partially





## **Timely**

Better response to time-critical humanitarian needs

#### Did CERF funds 7% partially



93% Yes

#### **CERF** allocation windows

At least two thirds of CERF allocations are intended for disbursement through its Rapid Response window (RR). Allocations from this window promote early response to humanitarian needs by funding critical, life-saving humanitarian activities in the initial stages of a new humanitarian crises or in the case of a significant deterioration of an existing emergency.

Up to one third of CERF's allocations are intended for underfunded emergencies through its Underfunded Emergencies window (UFE). These allocations are made in two rounds during the year, and they allow partners to carry out life-saving activities in places where humanitarian responses are severely underfunded.



## Coherent

Improved coordination among humanitarian community

#### Did CERF 3% partially improve



97% Yes



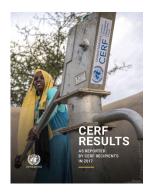
# **Catalytic**

Leveraging additional resources from other sources

#### 4% No



partially



For more details about results achieved see CERF's results report at

http://bit.ly/CERFResultsReport



The CERF is an invaluable humanitarian financing instrument. It enables needs-based and lifesaving support to people affected by humanitarian crises. I believe that the CERF would have an even greater impact if its capacity to support early humanitarian action was further strengthened. Acting early saves lives, mitigates human **suffering** and **reduces the cost** of the humanitarian response. The CERF should become a crucial financing tool to better anticipate crises and disasters in addition to responding to them - shaping a forward-looking humanitarian system."

-Heiko Maas, Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs of Germany

Sweden is a proud, long-standing, leading donor to the CERF and is impressed by results on speed, transparency and impact.

—Isabella Lövin, Minister for International Development Cooperation and Climate, and Deputy Prime Minister of Sweden

CERF is a **lifeline** for people caught up in crises that don't make the headlines but where needs are just as urgent.

-António Guterres, United Nations Secretary-General

CERF was widely recognised by recipient agencies and their partners as a timely and critical support in all five countries and there were numerous examples where CERF played a key role in supporting start-up of operations for activities in **life-saving** sectors while at the same time **reinforcing** the role of the RC/HC and other humanitarian coordination systems.

-Independent Review of the Value Added of the CERF Fund in the Countries Affected by the South Sudan Crisis

Overall, the CERF rapid response window contributed to enhancing WFP's capacity to respond rapidly to unforeseen needs.

-WFP's Pooled Fund Evaluation

A high level of transparency and accountability makes CERF an attractive funding mechanism to donors aiming at saving lives and assisting affected populations diligently and effectively. CERF does not only quickly catalyze further humanitarian assistance, it also supports under-funded and neglected crises. With its comprehensive approach, CERF counts the State of Qatar to its continued supporters since 2010.

-Mr. Khalifa bin Jassem Al-Kuwari, Director General of Qatar Fund for Development

Oftentimes, support from CERF is the **only** thing that keeps us running. We're thankful to CERF. and to all of the donors who provide resources for this **global** pooled fund, for enabling us to continue to provide life-saving health services, even under these extremely difficult circumstances.

-Dr. Jaffar Hussain, WHO Representative in Libya

**CERF** funding was instrumental in kick-starting life-saving assistance and thereby enabled participating agencies to demonstrate results, which helped mobilize visibility and interest for the refugee response, leading to substantial further funding.

-Rwanda RC/HC Report

CERF acted as a catalyst. It is an act of **trust** by the donors in the ability the United Nations and agencies to prioritize in the most neglected situations. CERF is vital and UNHCR supports the expansion of CERF to \$1B.

-Filippo Grandi, United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

CERF has substantially contributed to improving **coordination** at all levels among UN agencies, local NGOs, Government, local authorities, health centers and other stakeholders.

-Honduras RC/HC Report

CERF is bringing life-saving reproductive health services closer to the beneficiaries, reducing significantly travel time for the provision of emergency care.

-Bangladesh RC/HC Report

... Livelihoods are people's best defence against famine and this \$22 million loan from CERF was **critical** to FAO's **famine** prevention and drought response in Somalia...

-Daniel Gustafson, FAO Deputy Director-General

UNICEF cannot do all that we do without CERF and its generous donors. Since its establishment, CERF has supported UNICEF's humanitarian response in almost 100 countries, helping us provide millions of children with critical lifesaving assistance in their time of need. We renew our call for a larger and more robust CERF - the most effective way to serve the most vulnerable children, wherever they live.

-Henrietta H. Fore, Executive Director of United Nations Children's Fund



# **CERF IN ACTION**

From earthquakes, storms and droughts to displacement and disruption of basic services, supporting responses to natural disasters and conflicts remains central to CERF's work. Crises have grown more severe, protracted and complex, as can be seen in the "Mega-Crises" in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Iraq, Syria and Yemen, as well as catastrophic storms and widespread floods that expand across hundreds of communities. Along with these, there are also protracted and neglected emergencies such as in Afghanistan, the Lake Chad Basin and the Horn of Africa. Every emergency is unique, but all have two things in common: great human suffering and a need for resources to alleviate that suffering. CERF as the essential enabler of global humanitarian action allows country teams to kick-start relief efforts immediately in a coordinated and prioritized response through a vast network of partners wherever and whenever a new crisis emerges. It also helps scale-up and sustain protracted relief operations to avoid critical gaps when no other funding is available.



## Famine Prevention

In 2017, CERF was one of the first responders to warning signs in north-east Nigeria, South Sudan, Somalia and Yemen, where more than 20 million people were facing near famine conditions. CERF released \$128 million to support the most critical early action and life-saving activities prioritized by the humanitarian team on the ground, making it one of the largest funding sources for the four affected countries in the early stages of the response:

- In north-east Nigeria, CERF allocated \$32 million to reach approximately 1.3 million people affected by Boko Haram-related violence and food insecurity with emergency assistance, services and the establishment of humanitarian hubs to enable operations.
- In Somalia, CERF allocated \$33 million to help more than 500,000 people affected by conflict and drought in Puntland, Somaliland and South Central. During this time, FAO also received and repaid a loan of \$22 million to ensure a scale-up of famine prevention.
- In **Yemen**, CERF allocated **\$26** million to famine prevention and cholera response, focusing on the provision of food, nutrition and health supplies, as well as necessary logistical and security support for all humanitarian partners.
- In South Sudan, CERF allocated \$16 million to support humanitarian action in locations where famine or elevated risk of famine had been declared - as well as urgent needs in areas of new and/or active conflict.



CERF has been fast to respond when disaster strikes, allocating emergency funding in a matter of days following a 7.8-magnitude earthquake that struck Ecuador in April 2016 and after Hurricane Irma and Maria hit the Caribbean region in September 2017. CERF has also been one of the first and largest supporters of early humanitarian action in response to El Niño. From mid-2015 to end of 2016, CERF disbursed \$118 million

#### FROM 2006 TO 2018 CERF HAS ALLOCATED SOME \$5.5 BILLION TO OVER 100 COUNTRIES & TERRITORIES

2005/2006

15 DEC 2005 CFRF established by UN General Assembly resolution 60/124

2007

DRC, Bangladesh and Sudan are top recipients of CERF funds for the year (\$104M combined)

2008

Haiti hurricanes and tropical storm - CERF allocates over \$9M in response to three hurricanes; Fay, Gustav and Ike and Tropical Storm Hanna

CERF surpasses the annual \$450M funding target by \$3M

Surging food prices -**CERF** allocates \$100M, reaching 17.8M people in 26 countries

2009

Horn of Africa -**CERF** allocates \$132M, one third of all 2009 funding to address drought and high food prices in the region

CERF sees the highest number of Member States and observers contributing in a single

2010

Haiti earthquake - CERF allocates \$10M within 10 hours. An additional \$15M allocation is made four davs later

..... In 2010. CERF ensures that 22M people

receive food aid 19M people receive water and

sanitation aid 19.5M children immunized

1.5M people receive emergency shelter

2011

Horn of Africa drought - CERF allocates more than \$128M for response in Djibouti, Ethiopia, Kenya and Somalia

to support humanitarian response to El Niño in 19 countries in Africa, Asia and the Pacific Islands. CERF's support to global humanitarian action against El Niño phenomena illustrates the fund's global reach and its important role in triggering timely response to emergencies while other funding is being raised.



## Underfunded Emergencies (UFE)

CERF is a lifeline for the world's most underfunded and protracted crises that fail to attract adequate resources. In January 2018, CERF released \$100 million to sustain aid operations in nine countries. This allocation is reaching more than 4 million people in emergencies where levels of vulnerability are alarmingly high but funding remains critically low, and is targeting populations affected by conflict in Cameroon, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Mali, Pakistan and the Philippines. In addition to these crises, funding to Tanzania and Uganda is assisting refugees and asylum seekers and in Eritrea funding is addressing food insecurity and malnutrition needs for the local and refugee population. In Haiti, funding is assisting those affected by disease outbreaks and recent hurricanes. The Emergency Relief Coordinator selects these emergencies based on a rigorous analysis and consultation process to ensure funding targets crises with the highest levels of risk, vulnerability and humanitarian needs. The second round of UFE planned for 2018 will be \$80 million, the largest amount released for a second round in CERF's history.



#### "Mega-Crises"

CERF has supported the scale-up of humanitarian operations at critical junctures in 'Mega Crises'. Since 2016, Yemen has received over \$90 million from CERF to stave off the growing risk of famine, mitigate the impact of an accelerated collapse of public services and assist civilians affected by the recent escalation in conflict. In 2017 and 2018, CERF allocated more than \$75 million to the Democratic Republic of the Congo for the children and families affected by armed conflict and insecurity in the country.

## **↑**→ Displacement

With the rising number of displaced people, since 2011 CERF has allocated over \$1.5 billion to support millions of people forced from their homes by violence, instability and natural disasters. In 2015 and 2016, two-thirds of CERF allocations supported operations targeting IDPs, refugees and host communities.

This trend continues in 2018. In response to the world's fastest growing refugee crisis, CERF allocated nearly \$25 million in 2017 and 2018 to assist the most vulnerable people fleeing violence in Myanmar's Rakhine State and their host communities in Bangladesh.

#### 2012



Svria regional crises - CERF allocates more than \$50M

In 2012, CERF ensures that

15.5M people receive water and sanitation aid

## 2013

**Super Typhoon** Haiyan hits the Philippines - CERF allocates \$25.3M within 48 hours

9.3M people receive food aid

## 2014

Three L3 crises occur - CERF allocates \$116M for South Sudan regional response, \$60M for Central African Republic regional response, \$26M for Iraq response

#### 2015

Syria regional crisis - CERF makes largest single allocation to date of \$77M

In 2015 and 2016

almost 70% of CERF allocations are provided to operations in support of people displaced by crises in more than 40 countries

#### 2016

El Niño - CERF allocates more than \$118M in 19 countries

Reduction of CERF programme support costs from

3 to 2 per cent.

humanitarian response

action

CERF received record high contributions of \$514.6M

Famine in

Somalia, South

Nigeria,

Sudan and Yemen -

CERF allocates \$128M

to support critical early

Rohingya

to Bangladesh for

refugees - CERF

allocates \$19M

#### 2017 2018

**Yemen Crisis** - CFRF allocates \$50M to address famine. collapse of public services and escalation in conflict

West Africa's Sahel - CERF allocates \$30M

to address drought, high food prices and worsening food insecurity

\*as of August 2018

# **CERF STRETCHED** TO THE LIMIT

The humanitarian reality in which CERF operates today is very different from when it was established over a decade ago. Due to an increase in frequency, scale and magnitude of humanitarian emergencies, the number of people in need has tripled since 2006. In 2018, \$25.4 billion is required to provide assistance to the most vulnerable, compared to \$5.2 billion in 2006.

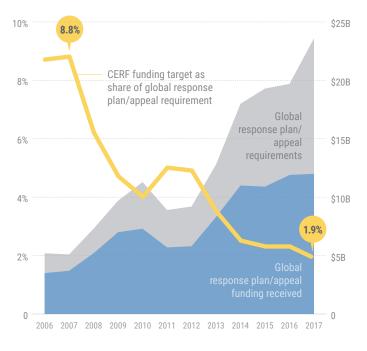
By contrast, CERF's annual funding target of \$450 million remained unchanged, for over a decade which means that the share of CERF funding against the global requirements decreased from 8.7 per cent in 2006 to 1.9 per cent in 2017.1

As a result, CERF funding has been spread thinner. In 2017, CERF's support was stretched to the maximum with early and catalytic funding disbursed, amongst others, to partners in the four countries facing famine (Nigeria, Somalia, South Sudan and Yemen), to the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Congolese refugees in Angola, the Rohingva refugee crisis and multiple hurricanes in the Caribbean.

As many protracted emergencies fail to attract sufficient donor funding to meet humanitarian needs, CERF is an increasingly important donor to underfunded crises. But in the summer of

1 FTS and 2017 global humanitarian overview. http://interactive.unocha. org/publication/globalhumanitarianoverview/

#### **CERF FUNDING TARGET AS A SHARE OF GLOBAL HUMANITARIAN NEEDS**



Source: Financial Tracking Service (FTS) as of 13 November 2017

2017 CERF's resources had been so stretched that the second semi-annual CERF allocation to underfunded emergencies was at risk of being cancelled and ultimately had to be reduced from \$50 to \$45 million. The \$5 million that CERF did not have available could have enabled additional life-saving assistance. For instance, a \$5 million allocation to Rwanda last year led to the delivery of critical aid to 132,000 people.

Due to the overwhelming number of requests and the limited amount of funding available, reducing amounts allocated to individual crises has become a necessity for CERF. For example:

- In Sudan, a funding request of \$9 million for assistance to conflict-affected people had to be lowered to \$5 million, resulting in halving the rations of general food distribution and reducing the number of households assisted with livelihood support by a third.
- In Nigeria, \$10 million was allocated to famine prevention although \$20 million was needed, so the planned response component providing assistance for returning displaced people could not be funded.
- In Palestine, a request for \$8 million had to be reduced to \$4 million, meaning the supply of **fuel** powering medical facilities could only be provided for three months instead of six.
- In Cuba, \$8 million was allocated, which was \$2.4 million short of the request. This meant that 8,000 people were at risk of being left without adequate shelter, 25,000 people could not access vital reproductive health services like safe delivery equipment, 56,000 people did not receive water purification tablets and safe water storage supplies, and 559,000 people had to survive on food rations reduced from 30 to 22 days.

Despite challenges in meeting increasing requests for emergency funding, CERF's allocations were essential and lifesaving in the situations above and in the many other crises that CERF responded to in 2017. During the remainder of the year, donors stepped up and provided additional contributions to CERF. A total of 12 donors collectively contributed nearly \$100 million on top of their initial 2017 pledges resulting in CERF reaching a record-high income. A total of \$514.6 million was received for 2017 from 56 Member States and observers, a regional authority and private sector donors. This significant surpassing of the \$450 million funding target for 2017 allowed CERF to make exceptional allocations in the early part of 2018 and will ensure the largest ever UFE allocation of \$80 million in the second 2018 UFE round. But more funding is needed so that CERF can continue to enable a timely, robust and strategic humanitarian response and efficiently fulfil its mandate as the UN's global emergency fund.

# A CERF FIT FOR TODAY AND THE FUTURE

Recognizing the critical need for increased and more strategic humanitarian financing, and considering CERF's impressive track record in enabling the provision of life-saving assistance to crisisaffected people, the UN General Assembly has endorsed the Secretary-General's call to expand CERF's annual funding target to \$1 billion. In resolution A/RES/71/127, the General Assembly called on all Member States and the private sector to ensure a fully funded \$1 billion CERF that is commensurate with today's humanitarian needs.

An expanded CERF can make larger allocations and have greater coverage; hence it will be able to better address today's humanitarian needs. It will have a greater impact, in line with prioritized needs, while maintaining its focus, scope and speed. In addition, an expansion of the fund will multiply its strategic and catalytic role in the provision of humanitarian funding so that more people are protected and more lives are saved.

#### A larger CERF will:



Enable more comprehensive humanitarian response through larger allocations reflective of the scale and range of needs.



Allow for more timely humanitarian response, as more funding will be frontloaded, so more people will be reached with time-critical life-saving assistance in the immediate aftermath of crises.



Enable greater strategic impact, as a broader humanitarian response will be based on joint assessment and prioritization of needs by humanitarian organizations on the ground.



Lead to a better coordinated humanitarian response by further empowering RC/HCs to bring key partners together to address needs coherently.



Have greater catalytic impact, as mobilizing funds from other sources will be easier for humanitarian partners once comprehensive response activities are kick-started.



Expand essential, life-saving support to smaller and less visible crises that receive little donor attention, and to which CERF often is the top or only humanitarian donor.



Capitalize on economies of scale to achieve higher efficiency and greater value for money as transaction costs decrease with larger CERF allocations.

A larger CERF can also address emerging humanitarian challenges differently and better than at current funding levels. New strategies and approaches will be developed in close consultation with partners and in sync with increasing funding available to CERF. These approaches will build on CERF's existing strengths and experiences.

#### **New CERF strategies could:**



Strengthen strategic response to regional emergencies, which pose challenges for country-based humanitarian coordination systems. As the UN's global emergency fund, CERF is uniquely placed to respond coherently to regional funding requirements by taking a broader perspective on needs and priorities.



Expand its role in enabling early action in sudden and slow onset natural disasters by allocating more resources earlier based on early warning indicators and triggers. This will not only save more lives but will also reduce humanitarian response requirements in predictable emergencies.



Engage more strategically and with greater impact in large-scale, protracted emergencies through larger and more predictable CERF allocations, which take into consideration country-specific financing strategies and New Way of Working priorities.



More clearly define CERF's role in responding to disease outbreaks, including identifying what a larger CERF could potentially do differently to facilitate a more robust and predictable response to such outbreaks.

# IT'S EVERYONE'S RESPONSIBILITY

While CERF was established as a "Fund for all, by all", Member States have accounted for 99.7 per cent of all donations since 2006; the top 10 donors have provided almost 90 per cent of all contributions received and the top 20 donors have accounted for more than 98 per cent. Reliance upon a few donors makes the fund vulnerable to the risks pertaining to domestic policy shifts.

The CERF secretariat consistently seeks to broaden the diversity of donors and expand its financial support base while still maintaining and where possible increasing funding from CERF's strongest supporters. New and additional support from a diverse range of Member States and regional and private entities

is needed for the fund to be able to provide urgent 'first aid' to people trapped in the midst of the worst natural catastrophes and human atrocities of our lifetime. Currently there are 134 million people requiring urgent humanitarian assistance. A \$1 billion CERF is an ambitious goal, but essential when we consider the many lives that depend on its success.

A strong CERF able to deliver on its mandate is every Member State's responsibility and a step towards our commitments to leave no one behind and reach the furthest left behind first.



A strong United Nations needs a strong, reliable CERF to reach people trapped in crises and to respond to the needs of those furthest behind.

-UN Secretary-General, António Guterres

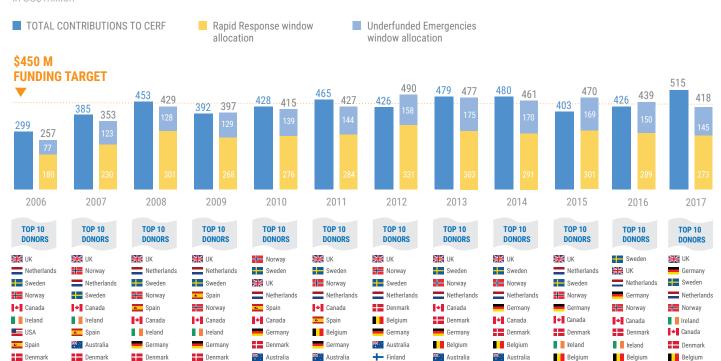
Switzerland

Switzerland

Australia Australia

#### **CERF FUNDING (2006-2017)**





Mustralia Australia

Finland

USA USA

- Finland

Switzerland

| Ireland

| Ireland

Switzerland

**Australia** 

# **Donate to CERE**

# Member States, observers and other authorities

OCHA Donor Relations Section in Geneva, Switzerland **Mose An** Humanitarian Affairs Officer E-mail: an@un.org

E-mail: an@un.org Tel: +41 22 917 1091

OCHA External Relations and Partnerships Section in New York, United States Chunyao Yi (Ms) Humanitarian Affairs Officer E-mail: yil@un.org Tel: +1 917 367 2098

# Private donors and individuals

- Online donations
  Visit: http://bit.ly/GIVETOCERF
- 2 Bank transfer to CERF
  Contact the CERF secretariat in New York,
  United States

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# Payment by cheque

Cheques need to be made out to the United Nations Foundation. The memo line of the cheques should read "Donation to CERF."
Cheques should be mailed to:
United Nations Foundation/Central Emergency Response Fund
P.O. Box 96721
Washington, D.C. 20090-6721, USA

Please include your name and contact details so that we can track and respond to your contribution accordingly. Note: US tax-deductible donations can also be made via money order or wire transfer.



CERF was born out of necessity and it continues through generosity.

Donors enable CERF to support emergency life-saving humanitarian activities throughout the world.

As crises persist, so does our resolve.

With your help, we respond.

cerf.un.org **y** @UNCERF **f** facebook.com/UnitedNationsCERF

#InvestInHumanity