## 2016 UNDERFUNDED EMERGENCIES

CERF Underfunded Emergencies Window: 2016 second allocation round



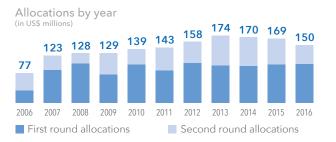


**US\$ 50 M** to strengthen humanitarian response in neglected crises



people to be assisted

### Total \$1.6 billion has been allocated since 2006



The Emergency Relief Coordinator has approved \$50 million from the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) during the 2016 second underfunded emergencies allocation round to assist about 2 million people in neglected crises in six countries. The funds will sustain life-saving relief in emergencies where human suffering is alarmingly high, but available resources are critically low. The funding will address three humanitarian priorities:

- The severe humanitarian crisis in Yemen, where more people are in need of humanitarian assistance than anywhere else (\$13 million)
- The continuing but more and more forgotten humanitarian emergencies in central Africa, which are mostly caused by conflict, political instability and human rights violations, and compounded by food insecurity and disease outbreaks, with allocations to the Central African Republic (\$9m), Chad (\$10m) and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC, \$11m), as well as for refugees from Burundi and DRC in Rwanda (\$5m).
- Protracted and underfunded needs in Eritrea (\$2m)

YEMEN

\$13N

An allocation of \$2

million will support

partners in Eritrea

following recent arid

conditions and poor

in healthcare, water,

services will be

rains. Additionally, gaps

sanitation and hygiene

multi-sector needs of

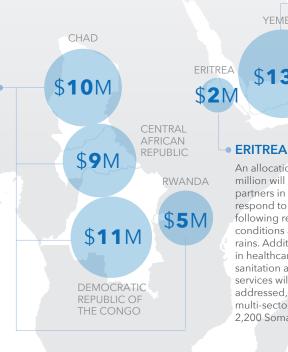
2,200 Somali refugees.

addressed, as well as the

respond to current needs

### **CENTRAL AFRICAN** REPUBLIC, CHAD, **DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO AND RWANDA** Aid agencies will use the

\$35 million allocation to provide relief and protection to about 1 million people, including 500,000 affected by displacement such as Central African refugees in Chad, South Sudanese refugees in DRC and internally displaced persons.



#### YEMEN

A \$13 million allocation will focus on the needs of 775,000 displaced people, host communities and recent returnees by supporting health and nutrition services, shelter kits and household items. protection services, and rehabilitation of water resources. The response will focus on 3 governorates.

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Creation date: 15 August 2016 Sources: UNCS, CERF Feedback: cerf@un.org www.unocha.org/cerf www.reliefweb.int

## **METHODOLOGY**

CERF Underfunded Emergencies (UFE): 2016 second allocation round



The Central Emergency Response Fund's (CERF) underfunded emergencies (UFE) grants are allocated twice a year to the least funded emergencies with the highest levels of risk, vulnerability and humanitarian needs.

The Emergency Relief Coordinator selects emergencies that will receive CERF support for life-saving humanitarian action based on a rigorous analysis and an inclusive consultation process. Qualitative and contextual information is collected during a consultation process with UN

agencies, NGOs and different parts of OCHA, as well as from a document review. The two-tier analysis of funding levels and humanitarian needs relies on quantitative data from established data sources.

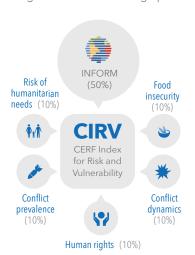
The analysis considers numerous data sources on vulnerability and humanitarian needs, especially those that focus on food insecurity, conflict, human rights and protection. The six measures are weighted and combined into the CERF Index for Risk and Vulnerability (CIRV), which includes

data on conflict and natural disasters, protection and fragility, vulnerable groups and coping capacity, and is forward-looking as it includes assessments of future risks.

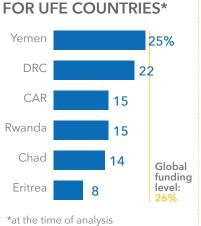
CERF continuously improves the methodology and process it uses to identify the most underfunded emergencies, based on feedback collected after each allocation round. For the first time this round, CERF analysed 5-year trends of funding levels and humanitarian needs to identify worsening situations.

## CERF INDEX OF RISK AND VULNERABILITY

CIRV consists of 6 measures weighted as shown in the graph.



## FUNDING COVERAGE

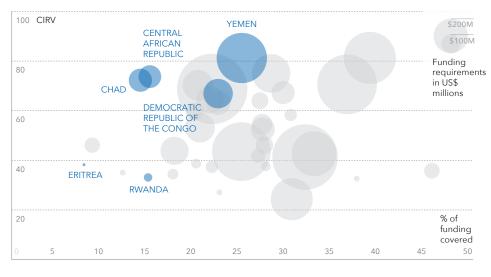


#### RISK AND VULNERABILITY IN UNDERFUNDED EMERGENCIES

	Allocation (in US\$M)	CIRV (1-100)	INFORM (1-10)	Early Warning for Humanitarian Needs	Food Insecurity (1-100)	Violent Conflict	Conflict Dynamics (1-5)	Rights Violations (1-5)
Yemen	\$13M	81	7.6	Very High	89	Yes	Worsening	4.7
DRC	11	67	7.2	Very High	22	Yes	No change	4.3
Chad	10	72	7.7	High	78	Yes	Worsening	3.0
CAR	9	74	8.3	Moderate	56	Yes	Worsening	5.0
Rwanda	5	33	4.4	Moderate	11	-	No change	3.3
Eritrea	2	38	4.8	Moderate	22	-	No change	4.3

#### **FUNDING AND VULNERABILITY**

Scatter plot showing funding (% of funding covered) versus risk and vulnerability (CIRV) analysis.



 $^{1}\text{CAR}$  - Central African Republic,  $^{2}\text{DRC}$  - Democratic Republic of the Congo

Creation date: 10 August 2016 Sources: CERF Analysis as of July/Aug 2016. Some data adjusted or estimated. See CERF website for more details and data sources.





#### **HUMANITARIAN SITUATION**

With the escalation of conflict in March 2015, Yemen is facing a major humanitarian emergency, classified as a level-3 crisis. Continued air strikes, shelling and ground fighting have resulted in the destruction and damage of infrastructure and the collapse of public services. More than 2.5 million people have been internally displaced while an additional 170,000 have fled the country altogether. As a result, 21.2 million people require some form of humanitarian assistance and 7.6 million people are severely food insecure.

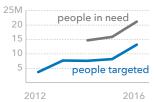


21.2M people in need1



3.2M people targeted overall<sup>1</sup>

#### Affected people





**2.5M** internally displaced people<sup>2</sup>



279,791 hosted refugees<sup>3</sup>



385 maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)4



41.9 under five y.o. mortality (per 100,000 live births)<sup>5</sup>

#### **CERF RESPONSE**

A \$13 million allocation will focus on the needs of 775,000 displaced persons, peolpe from host communities and recent returnees by supporting health and nutrition services, shelter kits and household items, protection services, and rehabilitation of water resources. The response will focus on Ibb (336,000 people), Amanat Al Asimah (284,000) and Lahj governorates (180,000).





775,000

people targeted by CERF, including displaced people, returnees and host communities

CERF funding to Yemen by year<sup>6</sup> (in US\$ million)



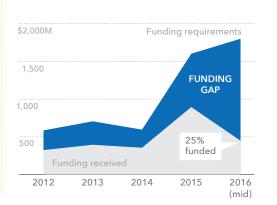
#### **FUNDING AND VULNERABILITY**

Vulnerability (out of a maximum score of 100)

IASC Conflict prevalence early warning



#### Funding gap<sup>9</sup> (in US\$ million)



#### Creation date: 15 August 2016 Data sources:

<sup>1</sup>People in Need: Global Humanitarian Overview and Humanitarian Response Plan

<sup>2</sup>IDPs: INFORM

<sup>3</sup>Hosted refugees: INFORM

<sup>4</sup>Maternal Mortality: UNFPA, per 100,000 live

<sup>5</sup>U5 Mortality: INFORM, per 1,000 live births

<sup>6</sup>CERF secretariat at the time of analysis

<sup>7</sup>CIRV: CERF secretariat

8INFORM: www.inform-index.org

9FTS and UN agencies, as of June 2016 Feedback: cerf@un.org www.unocha.org/cerf

www.reliefweb.int

### DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

Underfunded Emergencies (UFE): 2016 second allocation round



#### **HUMANITARIAN SITUATION**

DRC remains one of the world's most complex and most protracted humanitarian crises with 7.5 million people in need of humanitarian assistance due to armed conflict in the east, food insecurity, the lack of basic social services across the country, localized natural disasters and disease outbreaks, including yellow fever.

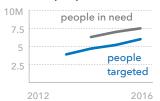


**7.5M** people in need1



people targeted overall1

#### Affected people





1.7M internally displaced people<sup>2</sup>



387,963 hosted refugees<sup>3</sup>



693 maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)<sup>4</sup>



98.3 under five y.o. mortality (per 100,000 live births)<sup>5</sup>

#### **CERF RESPONSE**

An \$11 million allocation will focus on the needs of 158,000 people in two locations: 12,000 Sudanese refugees and 8,000 people from host communities in Haut Uélé, and 138,000 internally displaced people in North Kivu. Aid agencies will provide healthcare, nutrition services and food and water, sanitation and hygiene services, emergency shelter, protection and education, and essential logistics support.





158,000

people targeted by CERF, including: 138,000 internally displaced persons, 12,000 South Sudanese refugees and 8,000 people from host communities

CERF funding to DRC by year<sup>6</sup> (in US\$ million)

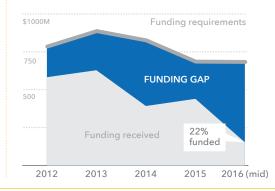


#### **FUNDING AND VULNERABILITY**

Vulnerability (out of a maximum score of 100)



#### Funding gap<sup>9</sup> (in US\$ million)



### Creation date: 15 August 2016

Data sources:

<sup>1</sup>People in Need: Global Humanitarian Overview and Humanitarian Response Plan

<sup>2</sup>IDPs: OCHA, UNHCR as of March 2016

<sup>3</sup>Hosted refugees: UNHCR

<sup>4</sup>Maternal Mortality: UNFPA, per 100,000 live

<sup>5</sup>U5 Mortality: INFORM, per 1,000 live births <sup>6</sup>CERF secretariat at the time of analysis

<sup>7</sup>CIRV: CERF secretariat

8INFORM: www.inform-index.org

<sup>9</sup>FTS and UN agencies, as of June 2016 Feedback: cerf@un.org www.unocha.org/cerf

www.reliefweb.int



# HUMANITARIAN SITUATION

Of the 4.3 million people affected by emergencies, an estimated 3.77 million are food insecure including over a million severely food insecure in 2016 and 728,000 children under five years suffer acute malnutrition. In addition, Chad is host to the world's seven-largest refugee population, with almost 400,000 refugee from CAR, Nigeria and Sudan. In Lac region where 125,000 people are displaced, secondary displacement will probably continue in coming months.

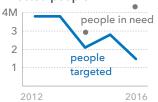


**4.3M** people in need



**1.5M**people targeted overall

#### Affected people





109,605 internally displaced people



386,339 hosted refugees



**1,100** maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)



150 under five y.o. mortality (per 1,000 live births)

#### **CERF RESPONSE**

A \$10 million allocation will focus on the needs of 210,000 returnees, refugees from the Central African Republic and host communities in the south by supporting food security (cash transfers), nutrition and health services, and maintenance of water supply infrastructure, rehabilitation of destroyed shelters, as well as air and freight services to maintain humanitarian access.





210,000

people targeted by CERF, including **57,000** Central African refugees, **83,000** returnees and **70,000** people fom host communities

CERF funding to Chad by year (in US\$ million)



#### **FUNDING AND VULNERABILITY**

#### Vulnerability

IASC Conflict early warning prevalence

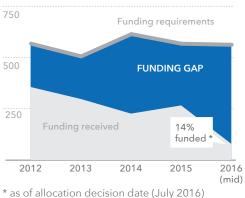




Conflict dynamics

\*out of a maximum score of 100.

#### Funding gap (in US\$ million)



## Creation date: 14 September 2016 Data sources: Funding data: FTS and UN agencies

Funding data: FTS and UN agencies, as of June 2016
People in need and people targeted: Global Humanitarian
Overview and Humanitarian Response Plan
Costs per person: Calculations based on FTS, UN agencies,
GHO, HRP
INFORM: INFORM
CIRV: CERF secretariat
IASC Early Warning; IASC Early Warning, Early Action and
Readiness Report, June 2016
Food Insecurity: FEWSNet, FAO GIEWS, WFP VAM
Conflict: Uppsale Conflict Data Program
Conflict Dynamics: International Crisis Group
Human Rights: Political Terror Scale
IDPs: Shelter/NFI/CCCM cluster, DTM 14 September 2016
Hosted refugees: UNHCR, 31 August 2016

Maternal Mortality: UNICEF U5 Mortality: UNICEF Feedback: cerf@un.org w

www.reliefweb.int



## CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

Underfunded Emergencies (UFE): 2016 second allocation round



#### **HUMANITARIAN SITUATION**

Since December 2012, the complex humanitarian and protection crisis in the Central African Republic has intensified. In 2016, an estimated 2.3 million people are in need of humanitarian assistance. More than 1.2 million people are facing emergency levels of food insecurity and an estimated 39,000 children under 5 years suffer from severe acute malnutrition.

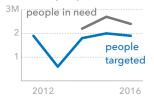


2.4M people in need1



1.9M people targeted

#### Affected people





369,500 internally displaced people<sup>2</sup>



7,778 hosted refugees<sup>3</sup>



882 maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)<sup>4</sup>



130.1 under five v.o. mortality (per 100,000 live births)<sup>5</sup>

#### **CERF RESPONSE**

A \$9 million allocation will focus on the needs of 290,000 displaced persons, people host communities and recent returnees in four of the most affected

provinces-Ouham-Pendé, Ouham, Ouaka and Nana Gribizi-through food assistance, treatment of acute malnutrition, health services (including maternal and child-specific), support to survivors of gender-based violence, child protection and sanitation services.

CERF funding to CAR by year<sup>6</sup> (in US\$ million)





290,000

people targeted by CERF, including **140,000** displaced people, 66,000 recent returnees and about 83,000 people from host communities



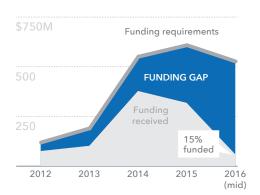
#### **FUNDING AND VULNERABILITY**

Vulnerability (out of a maximum score of 100)

Conflict **IASC** prevalence early warning



#### Funding gap<sup>9</sup> (in US\$ million)



## Creation date: 10 August 2016

Data sources:

<sup>1</sup>People in Need: Global Humanitarian Overview and Humanitarian Response Plan

<sup>2</sup>IDPs: INFORM

<sup>3</sup>Hosted refugees: INFORM

<sup>4</sup>Maternal Mortality: UNFPA, per 100,000 live

<sup>5</sup>U5 Mortality: INFORM, per 1,000 live births

<sup>6</sup>CERF secretariat at the time of analysis

<sup>7</sup>CIRV: CERF secretariat

8INFORM: www.inform-index.org

9FTS and UN agencies, as of June 2016

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#### **HUMANITARIAN SITUATION**

Rwanda continues to be affected by the crises in Burundi and the DRC. There are over 160,000 refugees, living in refugee camps and transit centres located in all provinces of the country, affected by humanitarian needs which are critically underfunded-and new refugees from Burundi continue to flee into Rwanda.



internally displaced people<sup>1</sup>



149,889 hosted refugees<sup>2</sup>



290<sub>maternal</sub> mortality (per 100,000 live births)<sup>3</sup>



41.7 under five y.o. mortality (per 100,000 live births)4

#### **CERF RESPONSE**

A \$5 million allocation will focus on the needs of 131,000 refugees and asylum seekers from Burundi and DRC, by supporting food assistance, shelter, health and sanitation services, construction of drainage systems, and protection of women and girls.





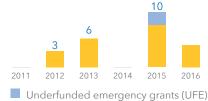
131,000

refugees from Burundi and the Democratic Republic of the Congo targeted by CERF

CERF funding to Rwanda by year<sup>5</sup> (in US\$ million)

TOTAL





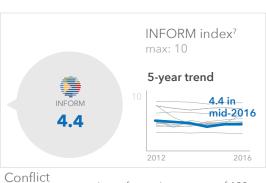
#### **FUNDING AND VULNERABILITY**

Vulnerability

IASC Conflict prevalence early warning



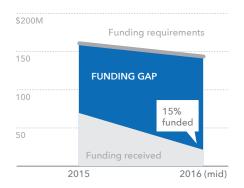




dynamics

\*out of a maximum score of 100.

#### Funding gap<sup>8</sup> (in US\$ million)



Creation date: 15 August 2016

Data sources:

<sup>1</sup>IDPs: INFORM

<sup>2</sup>Hosted refugees: INFORM

<sup>3</sup>Maternal Mortality: UNFPA, per 100,000 live

<sup>4</sup>U5 Mortality: INFORM, per 1,000 live births <sup>5</sup>CERF secretariat at the time of analysis

<sup>6</sup>CIRV: CERF secretariat

<sup>7</sup>INFORM: www.inform-index.org

<sup>8</sup>FTS and UN agencies, as of June 2016

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#### HUMANITARIAN SITUATION

Recurrent drought and the residual effects of the border conflict with Ethiopia are underlying causes of vulnerability in Eritrea. Two thirds of the population is engaged in subsistence farming and pastoralism for livelihoods, rendering them vulnerable to climate variability. It is estimated that in a year of good agricultural production, Eritrea can produce a maximum of 70 to 80 per cent of the annual cereal requirements, and in a bad year, as little as 20 to 30 per cent.

Vulnerable groups include small-scale rural farmers, pastoralists, the urban poor, people living with HIV/AIDS, and refugees.



**421,000** people targeted overall<sup>1</sup>



ointernally displaced people<sup>1</sup>



**2,303** hosted refugees<sup>1</sup>



**501** maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)<sup>2</sup>



**46.5** under five y.o. mortality (per 100,000 live births)<sup>3</sup>

#### **CERF RESPONSE**

An allocation of \$2 million will support partners in Eritrea respond to current needs following recent arid conditions and poor rains. Additionally, gaps in healthcare, water, sanitation and hygiene services will be addressed, as well as the multi-sector needs of 2,239 Somali refugees.





421,000

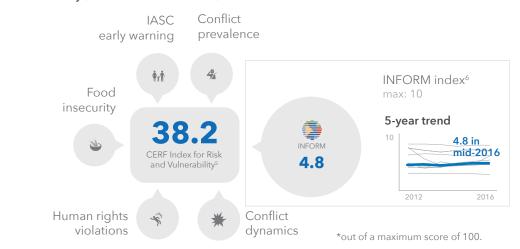
people targeted by CERF, including **2,239** Somali refugees and **419,000** people affected by arid conditions and poor rains

CERF funding to Eritrea by year<sup>4</sup> (in US\$ million)

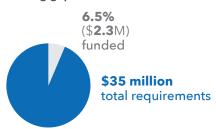


#### **FUNDING AND VULNERABILITY**

Vulnerability (out of a maximum score of 100)



Funding gap in 20167 (in US\$ million)



## Creation date: 15 August 2016 Data sources:

<sup>1</sup>Humanitarian Country Team

<sup>2</sup>Maternal Mortality: UNFPA, per 100,000 live births

<sup>3</sup>U5 Mortality: INFORM, per 1,000 live births <sup>4</sup>CERF secretariat at the time of analysis

<sup>5</sup>CIRV: CERF secretariat

<sup>6</sup>INFORM: www.inform-index.org

<sup>7</sup>Funding for basic services projects for 2016 extracted from SPCF 2013-2016

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